

Package ‘Umatrix’

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Title Visualization of Structures in High-Dimensional Data

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Description By gaining the property of emergence through self-organization, the enhancement of SOMs(self organizing maps) is called Emergent SOM (ESOM). The result of the projection by ESOM is a grid of neurons which can be visualised as a three dimensional landscape in form of the Umatrix. Further details can be found in the referenced publications (see url). This package offers tools for calculating and visualising the ESOM as well as Umatrix, Pmatrix and UStarMatrix. All the functionality is also available through graphical user interfaces implemented in 'shiny'.

Imports Rcpp, ggplot2, shiny, shinyjs, reshape2, fields, plyr, png, tools, grid, abind, deldir, geometry, pdist, AdaptGauss, pracma

Suggests rgl

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Umatrix-package	<i>Umatrix-package</i>
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Description

The **ESOM**(emergent self organizing map) is an improvement of the regular **SOM**(self organizing map) which allows for toroid grids of neurons and is intended to be used in combination with the **Umatrix**. The set of neurons is referred to as **weights** within this package, as they represent the values within the high dimensional space. The neuron with smallest distance to a datapoint is called a **Bestmatch** and can be considered as projection of said datapoint. As the Umatrix is usually toroid, it is drawn four consecutive times to remove border effects. An island, or Imx, is a filter mask, which cuts out a subset of the Umatrix, which shows every point only a single time while avoiding border effects cutting through potential clusters. Finally the Pmatrix shows the density structures within the grid, by a set radius. It can be combined with the Umatrix resulting in the UStarMatrix, which is therefore a combination of density based structures as well as clearly divided ones.

References

- Ultsch, A.: Data mining and knowledge discovery with emergent self-organizing feature maps for multivariate time series, In Oja, E. & Kaski, S. (Eds.), Kohonen maps, (1 ed., pp. 33-46), Elsevier, 1999.
- Ultsch, A.: Maps for the visualization of high-dimensional data spaces, Proc. Workshop on Self organizing Maps (WSOM), pp. 225-230, Kyushu, Japan, 2003.
- Ultsch, A.: U* C: Self-organized Clustering with Emergent Feature Maps, Lernen, Wissensentdeckung und Adaptivitaet (LWA), pp. 240-244, Saarbruecken, Germany, 2005.
- Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Exploiting the Structures of the U-Matrix, in Villmann, T., Schleif, F.-M., Kaden, M. & Lange, M. (eds.), Proc. Advances in Self-Organizing Maps and Learning Vector Quantization, pp. 249-257, Springer International Publishing, Mittweida, Germany, 2014.
- Ultsch, A., Behnisch, M., Loetsch, J.: ESOM Visualizations for Quality Assessment in Clustering, In Merenyi, E., Mendenhall, J. M. & O'Driscoll, P. (Eds.), Advances in Self-Organizing Maps and Learning Vector Quantization: Proceedings of the 11th International Workshop WSOM 2016, pp. 39-48, Houston, Texas, USA, January 6-8, 2016, (10.1007/978-3-319-28518-4_3), Cham, Springer International Publishing, 2016.

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

 esomTrain

Train an ESOM (emergent self organizing map) and project data

Description

The ESOM (emergent self organizing map) algorithm as defined by [Ultsch 1999]. A set of weights(neurons) on a two-dimensional grid get trained to adapt the given datastructure. The weights will be used to project data on a two-dimensional space, by seeking the BestMatches for every datapoint.

Arguments

Data	Data that will be used for training and projection
Lines	Height of grid
Columns	Width of grid
Epochs	Number of Epochs the ESOM will run
Toroid	If TRUE, the grid will be toroid
NeighbourhoodFunction	Type of Neighbourhood; Possible values are: "cone", "mexicanhat" and "gauss"
StartLearningRate	Initial value for LearningRate
EndLearningRate	Final value for LearningRate
StartRadius	Start value for the Radius in which will be searched for neighbours
EndRadius	End value for the Radius in which will be searched for neighbours
NeighbourhoodCooling	Cooling method for radius; "linear" is the only available option at the moment
LearningRateCooling	Cooling method for LearningRate; "linear" is the only available option at the moment
shinyProgress	Generate progress output for shiny if Progress Object is given
ShiftToHighestDensity	If True, the Umatrix will be shifted so that the point with highest density will be at the center
InitMethod	name of the method that will be used to choose initializations Valid Inputs: "uni_min_max": uniform distribution with minimum and maximum from sampleData "norm_mean_2std": normal distribution based on mean and standard deviation of sampleData
Key	Vector of numeric keys matching the datapoints. Will be added to Bestmatches
UmatrixForEsom	If TRUE, Umatrix based on resulting ESOM is calculated and returned

Details

On a toroid grid, opposing borders are connected.

Value

List with

BestMatches	BestMatches of datapoints
Weights	Trained weights
Lines	Height of grid
Columns	Width of grid
Toroid	TRUE if grid is a toroid

References

Kohonen, T., Self-organized formation of topologically correct feature maps. *Biological cybernetics*, 1982. 43(1): p. 59-69.

Ultsch, A., Data mining and knowledge discovery with emergent self-organizing feature maps for multivariate time series. *Kohonen maps*, 1999. 46: p. 33-46.

Examples

```
data('Hepta')
res=esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
```

Hepta

Hepta from FCPS (Fundamental Clustering Problem Suite)

Description

Dataset with 7 easily seperable classes.

Usage

```
data("Hepta")
```

Details

Size 212, Dimensions 3, stored in Hepta\$Data

Classes 7, stored in Hepta\$Cls

References

Ultsch, A.: U* C: Self-organized Clustering with Emergent Feature Maps, *Lernen, Wissensentdeckung und Adaptivitaet (LWA)*, pp. 240-244, Saarbruecken, Germany, 2005.

Examples

```
data(Hepta)
str(Hepta)
```

iClassification *GUI for manual classification*

Description

This tool is a 'shiny' GUI that visualizes a given Umatrix and allows the user to select areas and mark them as clusters.

Arguments

Umatrix	Matrix of Umatrix Heights
BestMatches	Array with positions of Bestmatches
Cls	Classification of the Bestmatches
Imx	Matrix of an island that will be cut out of the Umatrix
Toroid	Are BestMatches placed on a toroid grid? TRUE by default

Value

A vector containing the selected class ids. The order is corresponding to the given Bestmatches

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
cls = iClassification(e$Umatrix, e$BestMatches)

## End(Not run)
```

iEsomTrain

iEsomTrain

Description

Trains the ESOM and shows the Umatrix.

Arguments

Data	Matrix of Data that will be used to learn. One DataPoint per row
BestMatches	Array with positions of Bestmatches
Cls	Classification of the Bestmatches as a vector
Key	Numeric vector of keys matching the Bestmatches
Toroid	Are BestMatches placed on a toroid grid? TRUE by default

Value

List with	
Umatrix	matrix with height values of the umatrix
BestMatches	matrix containing the bestmatches
Lines	number of lines of the chosen ESOM
Columns	number of columns of the chosen ESOM
Epochs	number of epochs of the chosen ESOM
Weights	List of weights
Toroid	True if a toroid grid was used
EsomDetails	Further details describing the chosen ESOM parameters

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

*iUmapIsland**iUmapIsland*

Description

The toroid Umatrix is usually drawn 4 times, so that connected areas on borders can be seen as a whole. An island is a manual cutout of such a tiled visualization, that is selected such that all connected areas stay intact. This 'shiny' tool allows the user to do this manually.

Arguments

Umatrix	Matrix of Umatrix Heights
BestMatches	Array with positions of BestMatches
Cls	Classification of the BestMatches

Value

Boolean Matrix that represents the island within the tiled Umatrix

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
data("Hepta")  
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))  
Imx = iUmapIsland(e$Umatrix, e$BestMatches)  
plotMatrix(e$Umatrix, e$BestMatches, Imx = Imx$Imx)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

*iUstarmatrix**iUstarmatrix*

Description

Calculates the Ustarmatrix by combining a Umatrix with a Pmatrix.

Arguments

Weights	Weights that were trained by the ESOM algorithm
Lines	Height of the used grid
Columns	Width of the used grid
Data	Matrix of Data that was used to train the ESOM. One datapoint per row
Imx	Island mask that will be cut out from displayed Umatrix
Cls	Classification of the Bestmatches
Toroid	Are weights placed on a toroid grid?

Value

Ustarmatrix	matrix with height values of the Ustarmatrix
-------------	--

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

plotMatrix

plotMatrix

Description

Draws a plot based of given Umatrix or Pmatrix.

Arguments

Matrix	Umatrix or Pmatrix to be plotted
BestMatches	Positions of BestmMtches to be plotted onto the Umatrix
Cls	Class identifier for the BestMatches
ClsColors	Vector of colors that will be used to colorize the different classes
ColorStyle	If "Umatrix" the colors of a Umatrix (Blue -> Green -> Brown -> White) will be used; If "Pmatrix" the colors of a Pmatrix (White -> Yellow -> Red) will be used
Toroid	Should the Umatrix be drawn 4times?
BmSize	Integer between 0.1 and 5, magnification factor of the drawn BestMatch circles
DrawLegend	If TRUE, a color legend will be drawn next to the plot
FixedRatio	If TRUE, the plot will be drawn with a fixed ratio of x and y axis
CutoutPol	Only draws the area within given polygon
Nrlevels	Number of height levels that will be used within the Umatrix

TransparentContours	Use half transparent contours. Looks better but is slow
Imx	Mask to cut out an island. Every value should be either 1 (stays in) or 0 (gets cut out)
Clean	If TRUE axis, margins, ... surrounding the Umatrix image will be removed
RemoveOcean	If TRUE, the surrounding blue area around an island will be reduced as much as possible (while still maintaining a rectangular form)
TransparentOcean	If TRUE, the surrounding blue area around an island will be transparent
Title	A title that will be drawn above the plot
BestMatchesLabels	Vector of strings corresponding to the order of BestMatches which will be drawn on the plot as labels
BestMatchesShape	Numeric value of Shape that will be used. Responds to the usual shapes of ggplot
MarkDuplicatedBestMatches	If TRUE, BestMatches that are shown more than once within an island, will be marked
YellowCircle	If TRUE, a yellow circle is drawn around Bestmatches to distinct them better from background

Details

The heightScale (nrlevels) is set at the proportion of the 1 percent quantile against the 99 percent quantile of the matrix values.

Value

A 'ggplot' of a Matrix

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision,Plzen, 2016.

Ultsch, A.: Maps for the visualization of high-dimensional data spaces, Proc. Workshop on Self organizing Maps (WSOM), pp. 225-230, Kyushu, Japan, 2003.

Siemon, H.P., Ultsch,A.: Kohonen Networks on Transputers: Implementation and Animation, in: Proceedings Intern. Neural Networks, Kluwer Academic Press, Paris, pp. 643-646, 1990.

Examples

```
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
plotMatrix(e$Umatrix,e$BestMatches)
```

`pmatrixForEsom` *pmatrixForEsom*

Description

Generates a Pmatrix based on the weights of an ESOM.

Arguments

Data	A [n,k] matrix containing the data
Weights	Weights stored as a list in a 2D matrix
Lines	Number of lines of the SOM that is described by weights
Columns	Number of columns of the SOM that is described by weights
Radius	The radius for measuring the density within the hypersphere
PlotIt	If set the Pmatrix will also be plotted
Toroid	Are BestMatches placed on a toroid grid? TRUE by default

Value

UstarMatrix

References

Ultsch, A.: Maps for the visualization of high-dimensional data spaces, Proc. Workshop on Self organizing Maps (WSOM), pp. 225-230, Kyushu, Japan, 2003.

Ultsch, A., Loetsch, J.: Computed ABC Analysis for Rational Selection of Most Informative Variables in Multivariate Data, PloS one, Vol. 10(6), pp. e0129767. doi 10.1371/journal.pone.0129767, 2015.

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

Examples

```
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
Pmatrix = pmatrixForEsom(Hepta$Data,
                        e$Weights,
                        e$Lines,
                        e$Columns,
                        e$Toroid)
plotMatrix(Pmatrix, ColorStyle = "Pmatrix")
```

 showMatrix3D

showMatrix3D

Description

Visualizes the matrix(Umatrix/Pmatrix) in an interactive window in 3D.

Arguments

Matrix	Matrix to be plotted
BestMatches	Positions of BestMatches to be plotted onto the matrix
Cls	Class identifier for the BestMatch at the given point
Imx	a mask (island) that will be used to cut out the Umatrix
Toroid	Should the Matrix be drawn 4 times (in a toroid view)
HeightScale	Optional. Scaling Factor for Mountain Height
BmSize	Size of drawn BestMatches
RemoveOcean	Remove as much area surrounding an island as possible
ColorStyle	Either "Umatrix" or "Pmatrix" respectively for their colors
ShowAxis	Draw an axis around the drawn matrix
SmoothSlope	Try to increase the island size, to get smooth slopes around the island
ClsColors	Vector of colors that will be used for classes
FileName	Name for a stl file to write the Matrix to

Details

The heightScale is set at the proportion of the 1 percent quantile against the 99 percent quantile of the Matrix values.

References

Thrun, M. C., Lerch, F., Loetsch, J., Ultsch, A.: Visualization and 3D Printing of Multivariate Data of Biomarkers, in Skala, V. (Ed.), International Conference in Central Europe on Computer Graphics, Visualization and Computer Vision, Plzen, 2016.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
showMatrix3D(e$Umatrix)

## End(Not run)
```

 umatrixForEsom

umatrixForEsom

Description

Calculate the Umatrix for given ESOM projection

Arguments

Weights	Weights from which the Umatrix will be calculated
Lines	Number of lines of the SOM that is described by weights
Columns	Number of columns of the SOM that is described by weights
Toroid	Boolean describing if the neural grid should be borderless

Value

Umatrix

References

Ultsch, A. and H.P. Siemon, Kohonen's Self Organizing Feature Maps for Exploratory Data Analysis. 1990.

Examples

```
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
umatrix = umatrixForEsom(e$Weights,
                        Lines=e$Lines,
                        Columns=e$Columns,
                        Toroid=e$Toroid)
plotMatrix(umatrix,e$BestMatches)
```

 ustarmatrixCalc

ustarmatrixCalc

Description

The UStarMatrix is a combination of the Umatrix (average distance to neighbours) and Pmatrix (density in a point). It can be used to improve the Umatrix, if the dataset contains density based structures.

Arguments

Umatrix	A given Umatrix
Pmatrix	A density matrix

Value

UStarMatrix

References

Ultsch, A. U* C: Self-organized Clustering with Emergent Feature Maps. in Lernen, Wissensentdeckung und Adaptivitaet (LWA). 2005. Saarbruecken, Germany.

Examples

```
data("Hepta")
e = esomTrain(Hepta$Data, Key = 1:nrow(Hepta$Data))
Pmatrix = pmatrixForEsom(Hepta$Data,
                          e$Weights,
                          e$Lines,
                          e$Columns,
                          e$Toroid)
Ustarmatrix = ustarmatrixCalc(e$Umatrix, Pmatrix)
plotMatrix(Ustarmatrix, e$BestMatches)
```

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